Patients' experiences of lung cancer

Insights from Canada



Introduction

The Global Lung Cancer Coalition (GLCC), an alliance of 41 patient organisations from 29 countries across the world, wanted to understand the challenges patients are currently facing to inform its patient advocacy work and the work of its member organisations.

In March 2024, the GLCC commissioned Censuswide to conduct a survey of lung cancer patients.

The survey received **905 responses** from patients across **18 countries**. For more information about the global findings, please visit www.lungcancercoalition.org/surveys.



Key findings from Canada









lung cancer patients responded

80% identified as male;20% as female

18% had non-small cell lung cancer

were diagnosed in the last **five years**

Experiences of biomarker testing

89% of eligible respondents had been spoken to about biomarker testing



38% did not understand what biomarker testing was when they were first spoken to about it

These results suggest a clear need for **improved communication around the topic of biomarker testing**.

Support preferences in coping with lung cancer

61% of respondents get help from healthcare professionals 53% from family and friends



71% would like

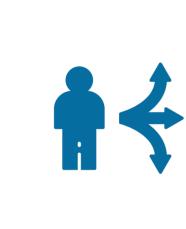
to get help through **healthcare professionals**

The respondents sought help from a variety of places. Their **preferences largely matched where they were already getting help**, except for a **greater need for** support via **healthcare professionals**.

Involvement with treatment teams

Preferred methods of receiving information

All respondents said that they felt involved in decisions about their treatment and care



59% of respondents felt fully involved, but 39% wanted to be more involved Throughout the patient journey, **face-to-face interactions** were preferred



Print materials were

the most popular format for receiving information (preferred by 43%), followed by cancer support hotlines (25%)

While patient involvement was high, treatment teams need to ensure patients have the opportunity to be involved in decision-making as much as they would like to be. Whilst the results indicate a preference for direct interaction when receiving information, it remains crucial that treatment teams understand and accommodate individual patient preferences.

Call to action

This year's Patient Experience Survey highlighted **encouraging trends, including improved involvement in treatment and care decisions** when compared to last year's results. The results, however, also showed that more needs to be done to ensure all patients feel as involved as they would like in decision-making, that treatment teams clearly communicate to patients on topics relevant to their condition, such as biomarker testing, and that patients can access the support options of their preference.

The GLCC is therefore calling for the **implementation of the rights set out in its Patient Charter in Canada**, to ensure that all lung cancer patients have access to quality healthcare; informed self-determination, which includes involvement in decision-making; and physical and mental integrity.

More information

- The GLCC's members in Canada are:
 - Lung Cancer Canada: www.lungcancercanada.ca
 - Lung Health Foundation: www.lunghealth.ca
 - Canadian Lung Association: https://www.lung.ca

