

Introduction

The Global Lung Cancer Coalition (GLCC), an alliance of 41 patient organisations from 29 countries across the world, wanted to understand the challenges patients are currently facing to inform its patient advocacy work and the work of its member organisations.

In March 2024, the GLCC commissioned Censuswide to conduct a survey of lung cancer patients.

The survey received **905 responses** from patients across **18 countries**. For more information about the global findings, please visit www.lungcancercoalition.org/surveys.



Key findings from Italy

Demographics

51

lung cancer patients responded



88% identified as male;
12% as female



41% had non-small cell lung cancer

90%

were diagnosed in the last **five years**

Experiences of biomarker testing

91% of eligible respondents **had been spoken to about** biomarker testing



29% did **not understand** what biomarker testing was when they were first spoken to about it

These results suggest a clear need for **improved communication around the topic of biomarker testing**.

Support preferences in coping with lung cancer

86% get **help** from **family and friends**; **59%** from **healthcare professionals**; **27%** from **in-person support groups**



73% **would like** to get help through **healthcare professionals**, but only **59%** reported **getting help** that way

While respondents sought help from a variety of places, more respondents would like to get help from **healthcare professionals** and **counselling/therapy**, highlighting **unmet need** in the care support being provided.

Involvement with treatment teams

All respondents said that they felt **involved** in decisions about their treatment and care



55% of respondents felt **fully involved**, but **43%** wanted to be **more involved**

While patient involvement was high, **treatment teams need to ensure** all patients have the opportunity to be **involved in decision-making as much as they would like** to be.

Preferred methods of receiving information

Throughout the patient journey, **face-to-face interactions** were preferred



Print materials were the most popular format for receiving information (preferred by **43%**), followed by **videos (27%)**

Whilst the results indicate a **preference for direct interaction** when receiving information, it remains crucial that treatment teams **understand and accommodate individual patient preferences**.

Call to action

This year's Patient Experience Survey highlighted **encouraging trends, including improved involvement in treatment and care decisions** when compared to last year's results. The results, however, also showed that more needs to be done to ensure all patients feel as involved as they would like in decision-making, that treatment teams clearly communicate to patients on topics relevant to their condition, such as biomarker testing, and that patients can access the support options of their preference.

The GLCC is therefore calling for the **implementation of the rights set out in its Patient Charter in Italy**, to ensure that all lung cancer patients have access to quality healthcare; informed self-determination, which includes involvement in decision-making; and physical and mental integrity.

More information

The GLCC member in Italy is:

- **ALCASE Italia:** www.alcase.eu
- **Tribunale per i Diritti del Malato:** www.cittadinazattiva.it

For more information about this survey and the work of the GLCC, please visit our website: <https://www.lungcancercoalition.org/> or email our secretariat at: glcc@roycastle.org

